



# Industrial Solid State Relay

ESR Enhanced single-phase version with AC or DC input
ETR Enhanced three-phase version with AC or DC input
ESR-T Enhanced single-phase version with TRIAC and DC input

ESR ETR





### **TECNICAL NOTES**

often, electrical equipment connected an industrial power lines (e.g. electric motor with brushes) generate electric noise and spikes.

A spike is an over voltage impulse with a high rate of rise so that it may exceed the SCR blocking voltage or the SCR voltage speed (dV/dt). In both cases the SCR will be damaged.

#### **Snubbers**

All SSR produced by ERO are equipped with an internal RC network (snubber) that helps in the slow down respons of dV/dt transient voltage. It deals effectively with two aspects of a voltage transient: not only does the network slows down the rate of rise as mentioned above on the output of the SCR and drive circuits, but it also limits the amplitude to which it can rise to. In the latter case, however, the protection is somewhat limited. In this event, a suppressor with a specific clamp voltage is suggested.

### Clamping device

This is a technique which is adding a clamping device, across the SSR terminals, that will absorb the transient energy above a predetermined level. Over the years, the need for this type of devices to provide sustained voltage clipping has been filled by: spark gaps unit, selenium, gas-discharge devices and other devices called commonly metal oxide varistors (MOVs). In all cases the activation voltage of the clamping device must be higher than the power line voltage but lower

The clamping devices can be divided in two families:

than the blocking voltage of the SCR.

 FIRST- Suppression devices like spark gaps. When activated, its impedance will drop to a very low value thus transferring the transient to the load as if the SSR has turned ON. These devices are generally quite expensive.

- Second - Suppression devices like

MOVs which will conduct only at the predetermined level and above, thereby sharing the transient with the load (which is the more popular approach). These devices are rated for a pre-determined energy level and when this energy has been reached, the unit will no longer work. Unfortunately, it is quite difficult to estimate the quantity of spikes and the energy of each spike than can be present on an industrial power line so it is advisable to replace all MOVs periodically.

#### **Fuse**

Mechanical circuit breakers are generally too slow to prevent damage to semiconductor device. Standard cartridge fuses are also too

Standard cartridge fuses are also too slow to protect semiconductors when operating close to their maximum rating.

Semiconductor fuse insted, are capable to provide extremely fast opening, while restricting let-through current far below the available fault current that could destroy the semiconductor.

In order to coordinate the fuse rating with those of the SSR, the SSR data sheets generally use similar terms for fusing, such as I<sup>2</sup>t, a common expression in defining fuse performance,

- For fuses, I<sup>2</sup>t is the measure of the let-through energy in terms of current versus time (i.e. the RMS current flow from the beginning of the fault condition to the opening of the fuse).
- For SCR, I<sup>2</sup>t is the maximum nonrepetitive pulse current acceptable for the semiconductor.

Selecting a fuse, verify the following conditions:

- the fuse voltage rating must be **higher** than the power line voltage.
- the fuse current rating must be higher than the SSR current rating but it must be close to it.
- the I<sup>2</sup>t of the fuse must be **quite lower** than the I<sup>2</sup>t of the SSR. The
  lower is the I<sup>2</sup>t of the fuse, the
  higher will be the protection given to
  the SCR.

## ESR / ETR

**TABLE 1** 



### ESR - Enhanced single-phase version with DC input

**General specifications:** Command type: time proportioning.

Rated control voltage: OFF state = 0 to 2 V DC

ON state = 4.5 to 35 V DC

Input type: Constant current (15 mA).

Switching type: zero crossing.

Load type: resistive (min  $\cos \phi = 0.9$ ).

Min. holding current: 150 mA RMS

Leakage current: 20 mA eff @ 600 V c.a. 40 V

Min. latching voltage: Voltage drop on thyristors: 1.4 V.

Insulation:

- between power circuit and earth: 2500 V RMS for 1 minute. - between command and power circuits: 3500 V RMS for 1 minute.

- between command and earth: 1800 V RMS for 1 minute.

Insulation resistance:  $> 100 \text{ M}\Omega$  at 500 V DC.

Operational temperature: from 0 to 40 °C (from 32 to 104 °F).

Humidity: from 20 % to 85 % RH non condensing.

Storage temperature: from - 20 to + 70 °C (-4 to 158°F)

Protection: UL and cUL pending.

Approvals:

For other details see TABLE 1

### ETR - Enhanced three-phase version with DC input

**General specifications:** Command type: time proportioning.

Rated control voltage: OFF state = 0 to 4 V DC ON state = 9 to 35 V DC

Input type: Constant current (15 mA). Switching type: zero crossing. Load type: resistive (min  $\cos \phi = 0.9$ ).

Min. holding current: 150 mA RMS.

20 mA eff. @ 600 V c.a. Leakage current:

Min. latching voltage: Voltage drop on SCR: 1.4 V.

Insulation: - between power circuit and earth: 2500 V RMS for 1 minute.

- between command and power circuits: 3500 V RMS for 1 minute.

- between command and earth: 1800 V RMS for 1 minute.

Insulation resistance: > 100 M $\Omega$  at 500 V DC.

from 0 to 40 °C (from 32 to 104 °F). Operational temperature: Humidity: from 20 % to 85 % RH non condensing.

Storage temperature: from - 20 to + 70 °C (-4 to 158°F)

Protection: IP 20.

Approvals: UL and cUL pending.

### For other details see TABLE 1

<b>=</b>	ESR-ETR	ESR-ETR	ESR-ETR	ESR	ESR-ETR	ESR-ETR	ESR-ETR	ESR
MODE	Amp V							
	25 - 400	40 - 400	60 - 400	80 - 400	25 - 600	40 - 600	60 - 600	80 - 600
Nominal voltage (max +10%)	400 V	400 V	400 V	400 V	600 V	600 V	600 V	600 V
Nominal current(@ 40°C)	25 A	40 A	60 A	80 A	25 A	40 A	60 A	80 A
Non-rep. surge current	380 A	900 A	1350 A	1350 A	380 A	900 A	1350 A	1350 A
I <sup>2</sup> t for fusing (10 ms)	720	4000	9100	9100	720	4000	9100	9100
Non-rep. peak voltage	1300 V	1300 V	1300 V	1300 V	1700 V	1700 V	1700 V	1700 V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	1000 V/μs							
PRV	1200 V	1200 V	1200 V	1200 V	1600 V	1600 V	1600 V	1600 V
ESR - Power dissipation (I = I <sub>nor</sub>	) 35 W	56 W	84 W	112 W	35 W	56 W	84 W	112 W
ETR - Power dissipation (I = I <sub>nom</sub>	) 70 W	112 W	168 W		70 W	112 W	168 W	
ESR - Weight	630 g	900 g	1400 g	2000 g	630 g	900 g	1400 g	2000 g
ETR - Weight	1800 g	1950 g	1950 g		1800 g	1950 g	1950 g	

## ESR T - ETR AC



### **ESR T** - Enhanced single-phase version with TRIAC and DC input

**General specifications:** Command type: time proportioning.

OFF state = 0 to 2 V DC Rated control voltage:

ON state = 4.5 to 35 V DC

Input type: Constant current (15 mA).

Switching type: zero crossing.

Load type: resistive (min  $\cos \phi = 0.9$ ).

Min. holding current: 150 mA RMS

Leakage current: max 20 mA RMS @ 250 V AC.

Min. latching voltage: 20 V Voltage drop on triac: 1.8 V.

Insulation: - between power circuit and earth: 2500 V RMS for 1 minute.

- between command and power circuits: 3500 V RMS for 1 minute.

- between command and earth: 1800 V RMS for 1 minute.

Insulation resistance:  $> 100 \text{ M}\Omega$  at 500 V DC.

Operational temperature: from 0 to 40 °C (from 32 to 104 °F).

Humidity: from 20 % to 85 % RH non condensing.

Storage temperature: from - 20 to + 70 °C (-4 to 158°F)

Protection:

Approval: UL and cUL pending.

For other details see TABLE 2

## ETR AC - Enhanced three-phase version with AC input

**General specifications:** Command type: time proportioning.

Rated control voltage: - for 240 VAC models: OFF state = 0 to 10 V AC

ON state = 100 to 240 V AC

- for 24 VAC models: OFF state = 0 to 4 V AC. ON state = 24 V AC (± 15%).

Input type: Constant current (15 mA).

Switching type: zero crossing.

resistive (min  $\cos \phi = 0.9$ ). Load type:

Min. holding current: 150 mA RMS

Leakage current: max 20 mA RMS @ 600 V AC.

Min. latching voltage: 40 V Voltage drop on SCR: 1.4 V.

- between power circuit and earth: 2500 V RMS for 1 minute. Insulation:

- between command and power circuits: 3500 V RMS for 1 minute. - between command and earth: 1800 V RMS for 1 minute.

Insulation resistance: > 100 M $\Omega$  at 500 V DC.

from 0 to 40 °C (from 32 to 104 °F). Operational temperature: from 20 % to 85 % RH non condensing. Humidity:

Storage temperature: from - 20 to + 70 °C (-4 to 158°F)

IP 20. Protection:

Approval: UL and cUL pending.

For other details see TABLE 2

TABLE		E	ESR T	ESR T	ETR AC					
TABLE 2		MODE	Amp V	Amp V	Amp V	Amp V	Amp V	Amp V	Amp V	Amp V
		Ĭ	12 - 240	18 - 240	25 - 400	40 - 400	60 - 400	25 - 600	40 - 600	60 - 600
	Nominal voltage (max +10%)		240 V	240 V	400 V	400 V	400 V	600 V	600 V	600 V
	Nominal current(@ 40°C)		12 A	18 A	25 A	40 A	60 A	25 A	40 A	60 A
	Non-rep. surge current		160 A	208 A	380 A	900 A	1350 A	380 A	900 A	1350 A
	I2t for fusing (10 ms)		128	259	720	4000	9100	720	4000	9100
	Non-rep. peak voltage		900 V	900 V	1300 V	1300 V	1300 V	1700 V	1700 V	1700 V
	ΔV/Δt		250 V/μs	250 V/μs	1000 V/μs					
	PRV		800 V	800 V	1200 V	1200 V	1200 V	1600 V	1600 V	1600 V
	Power dissipation (I = I <sub>nom</sub> )		18 W	27 W	70 W	112 W	168 W	70 W	112 W	168 W
	Weight		510 g	510 g	1800 g	1950 g	1950 g	1800 g	1950 g	1950 g

## **ESR AC**

## ESR AC - Enhanced single-phase version with AC input

General specifications: Command type: time proportioning.

Rated control voltage: - for 240 VAC models: OFF state = 0 to 10 V AC

ON state = 100 to 240 V AC

- for 24 VAC models: OFF state = 0 to 4 V AC.

ON state = 24 V AC ( $\pm$  15%).

Input type: Constant current (15 mA).

Switching type: zero crossing.

**Load type**: resistive (min  $cos\phi = 0.9$ ).

Min. holding current: 150 mA RMS

Leakage current: 20 mA RMS @ 600 V AC.

Insulation: - between

- between power circuit and earth: 2500 V RMS for 1 minute.

between command and power circuits: 3500 V RMS for 1 minute.
 between command and earth: 1800 V RMS for 1 minute.

Insulation resistance:  $> 100 \text{ M}\Omega$  at 500 V DC.

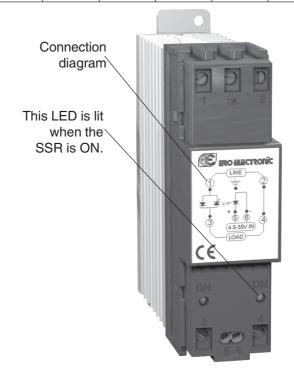
Operational temperature: from 0 to 40 °C (from 32 to 104 °F).

Protection: IP 20.

Approvals: UL and cUL pending.

#### For other details see TABLE 3

TABLE	TABLE 3		ESR AC							
		MODE	Amp V							
			25 - 400	40 - 400	60 - 400	80 - 400	25 - 600	40 - 600	60 - 600	80 - 600
	Nominal voltage (max +10%	)	400 V	400 V	400 V	400 V	600 V	600 V	600 V	600 V
	Nominal current(@ 40°C)		25 A	40 A	60 A	80 A	25 A	40 A	60 A	80 A
	Non-rep. surge current		380 A	900 A	1350 A	1350 A	380 A	900 A	1350 A	1350 A
	I <sup>2</sup> t for fusing (10 ms)		720	4000	9100	9100	720	4000	9100	9100
	Non-rep. peak voltage		1300 V	1300 V	1300 V	1300 V	1700 V	1700 V	1700 V	1700 V
	ΔV/Δt		1000 V/μs							
	PRV	V		1200 V	1200 V	1200 V	1600 V	1600 V	1600 V	1600 V
	Power dissipation $(I = I_{nom})$		35 W	56 W	84 W	112 W	35 W	56 W	84 W	112 W
	Weight		630 g	900 g	1400 g	2000 g	630 g	900 g	1400 g	2000 g

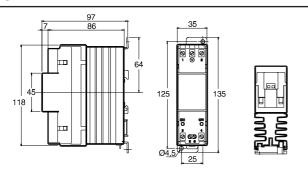




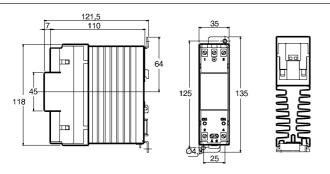


### **Dimensions**

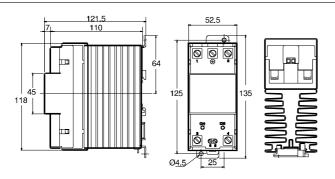
### ESR T



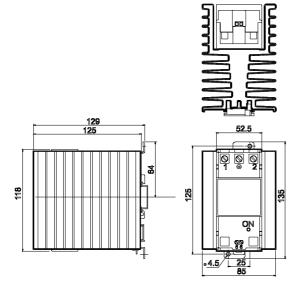
### **ESR 25 A**



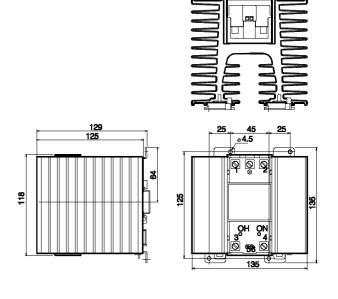
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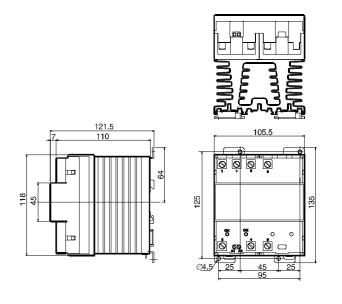
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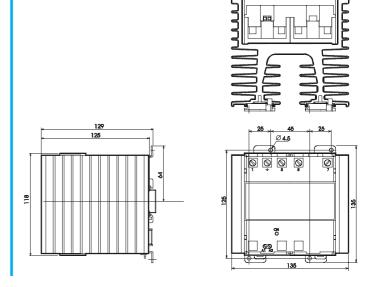
### ESR 80 A



ETR 25 A



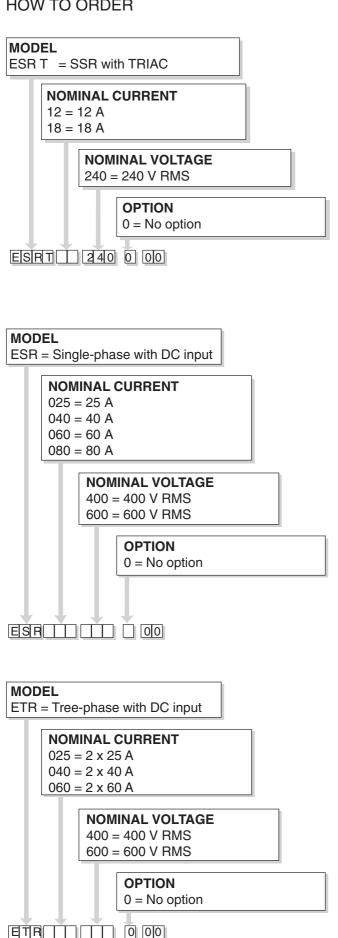
ETR 40/60 A

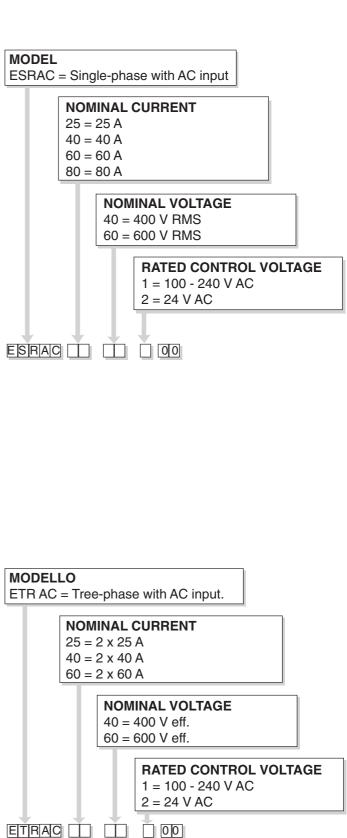






### **HOW TO ORDER**





# Solid state ralay



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